UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA Department of Physics

Prof. S.B. Giddings

Physics 229A

Winter 2007

Gauge Theories

ASSIGNMENT #7 (corrected) <u>Due Thursday, March 1, 2007</u>

1. For a real superfield V, derive the explicit superspace expansion of

$$W_{\alpha} = -\frac{1}{4}\bar{D}^2 D_{\alpha} V$$

and verify the expression given in class.

2. Use the definition of W_{α} to prove

$$D^{\alpha}W_{\alpha} = \bar{D}^{\dot{\alpha}}\bar{W}_{\dot{\alpha}}$$

3. a) Derive the component-field action for a real superfield, beginning from

$${\cal L}_{
m gauge} = rac{1}{4g^2}\int d^2 heta \,\,W^lpha W_lpha \quad + {
m h.c.} \,\,,$$

thus verifying the formula from class.

- b) Extend your result to the case where g^2 is <u>complex</u>.
- 4. Derive the explicit form of the supersymmetry transformations for the gauge invariant fields $F_{\mu\nu}$, λ , and D.
- 5. Beginning with the superfield lagrangian for SQED, perform the superspace integrations to derive the component-field lagrangian. (Hint: you may find Wess-Zumino gauge useful.)