

**Read** RHK Ch. 18  
K&K Ch. 5

**Solve**

From RHK **Ch. 18** Exercises 11, 12, 20, 28. Problems 8, 10

From K&K **Ch. 3** Problem 3.7

**Problem 1.** The wave equation according to an observer  $S$  motionless with respect to a string is

$$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} - \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} = 0,$$

where  $c$  is a wave speed. Show that another observer  $S'$  is moving at constant velocity  $v$  along the  $x$ -axis relative to  $S$ , will write the wave equation

$$\left(1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}\right) \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x'^2} - \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t'^2} + \frac{2v}{c^2} \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x' \partial t'} = 0,$$

where  $x'$  and  $t'$  are defined by the so-called Galilean transformation:  $x' = x - vt$ ,  $t' = t$ .

**Extra Credit.** Show that the action for a simple harmonic oscillator of mass  $m$  and angular frequency  $\omega$  and such that at  $t = 0$  the position is  $x_0$ , and at time  $T$  the position is  $x_T$ , is given by

$$S = \frac{m\omega}{2 \sin \omega T} \left[ (x_0^2 + x_T^2) \cos \omega T - 2x_0 x_T \right].$$